

# Relationships Among Nonrandom/Random Score Formulations of PCA and Factor Analysis

K. Adachi<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Osaka University, Graduate School of of Human Sciences, 1-2 Yamadaoka, Suita, Osaka 565-0871, Japan

2022.04.09

The purpose of this study is to show hierarchical relationships among some formulations of PCA and factor analysis (FA). The relationships follow from a comprehensive FA (CompFA) model [1], in which a multivariate observation is expressed as the sum of common factor, specific factor, and error parts. This model is divided into the nonrandom (N-CompFA) and random (R-CompFA) ones, with the factor parts treated as nonrandom in the former, but as random in the latter.

First, it is discussed how the N-CompFA model implies the following hierarchy; matrix-decomposition FA (MDFA) > completely decomposed FA (C DFA) [2] > PCA. Here, the procedure after > is a constrained variant of the one before >.

Then, the following three facts are proved: (a) Minimum rank FA (MRFA) [3] can be regarded as a procedure for the R-CompFA model; (b) By constraining the specific factor part to be null in MRFA, it leads to random-version of PCA (RPCA); (c) By constraining the error part to be uncorrelated among variables in RPCA, it leads to the prevalent FA (PrevFA) procedure. These facts and PrevFA > probabilistic PCA (PPCA) [4] lead to hierarchy MRFA > RPCA > PrevFA > PPCA.

Finally, it is shown that the above two hierarchies can be unified as MDFA > C DFA/MRFA > PCA/RPCA > PrevFA > PPCA, using the equivalence of the C DFA solution to the MRFA one and that of the PCA solution to the RPCA one.

**Key words** : CompFA model, MDRA, C DFA, MRFA, RPCA

- [1] Adachi, K, "Factor analysis procedures revisited from the comprehensive model with the unique factors decomposed into specific factors and errors," *Psychometrika*, vol. 87, pp. 967–991, 2022.
- [2] Stegeman, A, "A new method for simultaneous estimation of the factor model parameters, factor scores, and unique parts," *Comput. Statist. Data Anal.*, vol. 99, pp. 189–203, 2016.
- [3] ten Berge, J.M.F, and Kiers, H.A.L, "A numerical approach to the exact and the approximate minimum rank of a covariance matrix," *Psychometrika*, vol. 56, p. 309–315, 1991.
- [4] Tipping, M.E. and Bishop, C.M, "Probabilistic principal component analysis," *J. Roy. Statist. Soc.: Statist. Method*, vol. 61, p. 611–622, 1999.